US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

9-30.85

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

Methamidophos (Monitor®) 1. Chemical:

O,S-Dimethyl phosphoramidothioate

2. Test Material: Methamidophos: Technical

Static, 96-hour LC50: Mysid shrimp 3. Study Type: (Mysidopsis bahia).

Biospherics, Inc. (1983) The Acute Toxicity of 4. Study ID: Methamidophos (Technical) to Mysidopsis bahia (Bay Shrimp). Submitted by Mobay Chemical Corp., Stillwell, KS, December 1983. EPA Registration

No. 239-2452; EPA Accession No. 258108.

Margaret Rostker 5. Reviewed by:

EEB/HED

Signature: House Date: 18 Sept 85 Signature: Henry 2 Crave Date: a/3d85

Harry Craven 6. Approved by:

EEB/HED

7. Conclusions:

> The study reports a static, $96-hour\ LC_{50} = 1054.0$ ppb (= 1.1 ppm) for mysid shrimp exposed to technical methamidophos. The NOEL = 756 ppb (= 0.8 ppm). The study fulfills guideline requirements for an acute toxicity test with technical product for an estuarine/marine invertebrate.

8. Recommendations:

N/A

9. Background:

Required test under Registration Standard.

Discussion of Individual Test: 10.

N/A

11. Materials and Methods:

a. Test Animals: <u>Mysidopsis</u> <u>bahia</u> (Bay shrimp) from Sea Plantations, Inc., Salem, MA. Age at test initiation: < 5 days.

Test System: Static; 250 ml beakers with 200 ml test solution; 96-hour test duration.

- b. Dose: Static bioassay using <u>measured</u> concentrations; no solvent used.
- c. Design: Five test concentrations and one dilution control, each with four replicates. Five shrimp/replicate = 20 shrimp/test concentration and = 20 shrimp/control. Test concentrations (measured concentrations): 172, 272, 460, 756, 1160 ppb.
- d. Statistics: Binomial probability method; Stephan, 1979. All calculations based on average measured concentrations of test material.

12. Reported Results:

The study authors report a 96-hour LC₅₀ = 1054 ppb (95% CI: 756, + infinity ppb). NOEL = 756 ppb.

13. Study Authors' Conclusions/QA Measures:

96-hour LC₅₀ (95% CI) = 1054 ppb (756, + infinity ppb). Certification of QA inspection provided.

14. Reviewer's Discussion and Interpretation of Study:

- a. <u>Test Procedures</u>: The procedures were in general conformance with guidelines.
- b. Statistical Analysis: The proper method was used.
- c. Discussion/Results: The study LC₅₀ = 1054.0 ppb with 95 percent CI = 756 ppb and infinity. The NOEL = 756 ppb.

d. Adequacy of Study:

- 1. Classification: CORE
- 2. Rationale: Guidelines
- 3. Repairability: N/A

12. Completion of One-liner for Study:

September 9, 1985

16. CBI Appendix:

N/A

EEB check on reported results

ROSTKER MONITOR 96-HOUR SHRIMP ************************************

CONC.	NUMBER	NUMBER	PERCENT	BINOMIAL
	EXPOSED	DEAD	DEAD	PROB. (PERCENT)
1160	20	14	70	5.76592
756	20	0	0	9.53674E-05
460	20	0	0	9.53674E-05
272	20	0	0	9.53674E-05
172	20	0	0	9.53674E-05

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 756 AND +INFINITY CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 1053.63

WHEN THERE ARE LESS THAN TWO CONCENTRATIONS AT WHICH THE PERCENT DEAD IS BETWEEN 0 AND 100, NEITHER THE MOVING AVERAGE NOR THE PROBIT METHOD CAN GIVE ANY STATISTICALLY SOUND RESULTS.
